

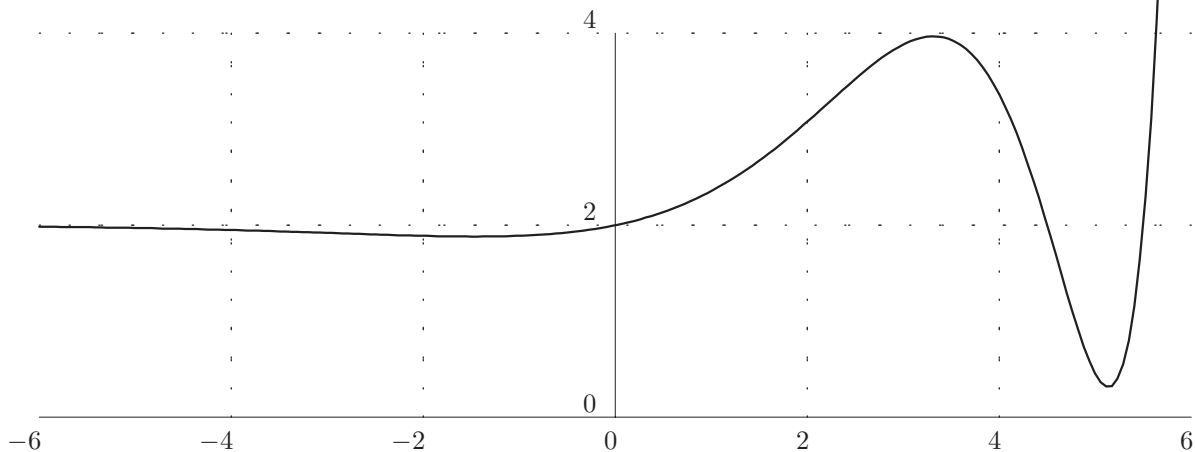
**Directions:** Show **ALL** work for credit; Give **EXACT** answers when possible; Start each problem on a **SEPARATE** page; Use only **ONE** side of each page; Be neat; Leave margins on the left and top for the **STAPLE**; Calculators can be used for graphing and calculating only; Nothing written on this page will be graded;

1. The following table of the position  $s$  in furlongs versus time  $t$  in fortnights. Find the average velocity between  $t = 1$  and  $t = 4$ , estimate the instantaneous velocity at  $t = 3$  (by averaging two average velocities), and give the units of  $s'(3)$ .

$t$	1	2	3	4
$s$	16	64	144	256

2. Copy the graph of  $f(x)$  below and on the copy draw its derivative  $f'(x)$ . Be especially careful about the placement of the zero's of  $f'(x)$ .

What is the  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x)$ ? and  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f'(x)$ ?



3. Find the limits.

(a)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{x^2 - 9}{x^3 - 5x^2 + 6x}$$

(b)

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{x+5h} - \sqrt{x}}{h}$$

4. Using the limit definition of the derivative, find the derivative  $f'(2)$  when  $f(x) = x^5$ . Pascal wants to help you.

Use your answer to find the equation of the tangent line to  $f(x)$  at  $x = 2$ .

5. For the function  $g$  whose graph is given below, state the value of each quantity, if it exists. If it does not exist explain why.

(a)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -2^-} g(x)$    (b)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -2^+} g(x)$    (c)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -2} g(x)$    (d)  $g(-2)$

(e)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} g(x)$    (f)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} g(x)$    (g)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} g(x)$    (h)  $g(2)$

(i)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 4^-} g(x)$    (j)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 4^+} g(x)$    (k)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} g(x)$    (l)  $g(0)$

