Directions: Show ALL work for credit; Give EXACT answers when possible; Start each problem on a SEPARATE page; Use only ONE side of each page; Be neat; Leave margins on the left and top for the STAPLE; Calculators can be used for graphing and calculating only; Nothing written on this page will be graded;

1. Let $f(x)$ and $g(x)$ be two functions. Values of $f(x), f^{\prime}(x), g(x)$ and $g^{\prime}(x)$ are given in the table below. Use the information to find and simplify:
a. $G^{\prime}(0)$ if $G(x)=f(x) / g(x)$
b. $H^{\prime}(1)$ if $H(x)=e^{f(x)}+\pi^{3}$
c. $J^{\prime}(1)$ if $J(x)=[f(x)]^{2}$
d. $K^{\prime}(0)$ if $K(x)=f(g(x))$

| $x$ | $f(x)$ | $f^{\prime}(x)$ | $g(x)$ | $g^{\prime}(x)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 1 | -1 | 2 | 3 |
| 1 | -1 | 2 | 4 | 0 |
| 2 | 7 | 3 | 11 | 0.5 |

2. Consider the equation $x^{2}-2 x+y^{2}-x y=3$ Find $d y / d x$ by implicit differentiation and find the equation of the tangent to this curve at the point $(2,-1)$
3. Find the derivative of each function.
(a) $\cos \left(\sqrt{1+\sin \left(x^{2}\right)}\right)$
(b) $(\tan (2 x)+\arctan (3 x))^{45}\left(2^{x}+x^{2}\right)^{-5}$
4. Graphical Problems.
(a) The figure below (left) shows the graphs of $f, f^{\prime}$ and $f^{\prime \prime}$. Indentify each curve and explain your choices.
(b) The figure below (right) shows the graph of $g$. Which is bigger $g(1)$ or $g(2)$ ? Which is bigger $g^{\prime}(1)$ or $g^{\prime}(2)$ ? Which is bigger $g^{\prime \prime}(1)$ or $g^{\prime \prime}(2)$ ?

5. A particle moves according to a law of motion $s=t^{3}-9 t^{2}+15 t+10, t \geq 0$, where $t$ is measured in seconds and $s$ in meters.
(a) Find the velocity at time $t$.
(b) Find the velocity after 3 seconds.
(c) When is the particle at rest?
(d) When is the particle moving in the positive direction?
(e) Find the total distance traveled during the first 8 seconds.
(f) Draw a diagram to illustrate the motion of the particle.
