

The last problem set

- Let E be a norm space with dual E^* , if $A \subset E$ (resp $B \subset E^*$) define $A^\perp = \{f \in E^* : f(a) = 0 \forall a \in A\}$ (resp $B^\top = \{x \in E : f(x) = 0 \forall f \in B\}$)
 - Show both A^\perp and B^\top are closed subspaces.
 - Show $A \subset A^{\perp\top}$ and $B \subset B^{\top\perp}$
 - Show $A^{\perp\top}$ is the closure of the linear span of A .
 - If $E = \ell_1$ and $B = c_0 \subset m = \ell_\infty = E^*$ is a closed subspace of E^* , but $B \neq B^{\top\perp}$
- Show if $T : E \rightarrow E$ is bounded linear operator, then let $N_n = \{x \in E : T^n x = 0\}$ be the kernel of T^n . Show $N_0 \subset N_1 \subset N_2 \cdots \subset N_n \subset N_{n+1} \cdots$
 - Show if A is compact then for $T = I - A$ there is an m so that for all k , $N_m = N_{m+k}$.
 - Show that for the shift to the left $T : \ell_2 \rightarrow \ell_2$ given by $T((a_1, a_2, a_3, \dots)) = (a_2, a_3, a_4, \dots)$ the subspaces satisfy $N_n \neq N_{n+1}$
- Show if (x_n) are norm one elements of the norm space E , (f_n) are norm one functionals in E^* , and (λ_n) are scalars with $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} |\lambda_n| < \infty$ then the operator $A(x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \lambda_n f_n(x) x_n$ is a well-defined compact operator on E .
Suppose further that $f_i(x_j) = \delta_{i,j}$, show that x_n is an eigenvector of T with eigenvalue λ_n .
- If $A : E \rightarrow E$ compact then for every x_n with $x_n \rightarrow x$ weakly, then $Ax_n \rightarrow Ax$ in norm.
If E is reflexive, then the converse is also true.