

Fall 2014 Welcome

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Jacques Hadamard (1902) Well-Posed Problems



Grade Distributions

Email

Accommodations

Jacques Hadamard 1902 notion of a well-posed problem

Context: Solutions to a PDE modeling a physical process.

- 1 The equation has a solution
- 2 The solution is unique
- 3 The solutions's behavior changes continuously with the initial conditions.

If it is not well-posed, it is *ill-posed*. It can be well-posed but be *ill-conditioned* (small changes in initial conditional have much bigger changes in solutions).

Advisors (other than Pamela) are not your friend

- Do not reply to email from students wanting to add your class, just forward them to advisor@math.fsu.edu

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Uniqueness and Accommodations

- The letter isn't the request. It is a basis for discussion.
- Unlimited Excused Absences. One extra excused absence.

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Continuity and Grade Distributions

<http://www.maa.org/CSPCC>

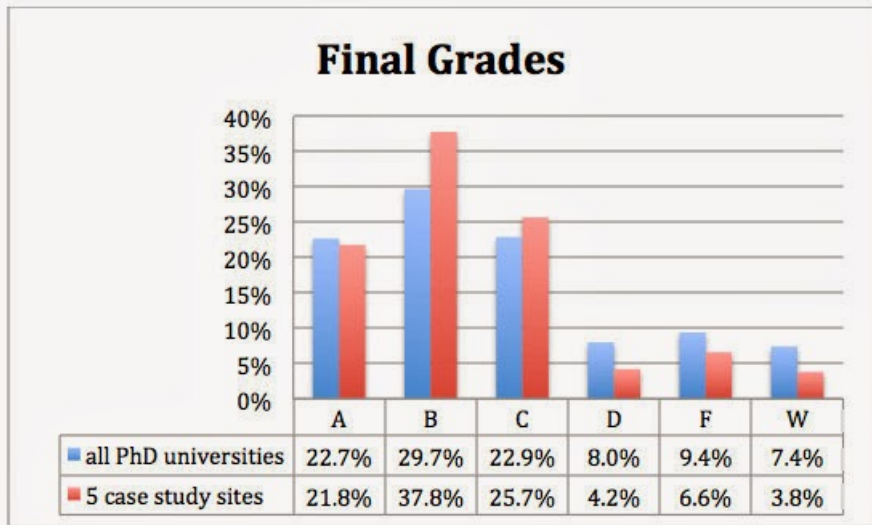


Figure 1: Instructor reported final grades.

An ill-posed problem, the backwards heat equation

Let $u(x, t)$ be a solution to $u_{xx} = u_t$, $u(x, 0) = 0$ and look at $u(x, -1)$, this is not continuous with respect to the initial condition.

Alternately, look at forward solutions ($t > 0$) to $u_{xx} = -u_t$ with $u(x, 0) = 0$ and look at $u(x, 1)$

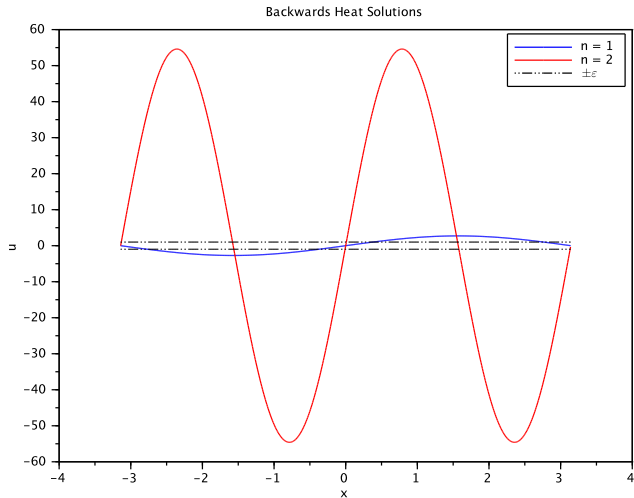
An ill-posed problem

$$u(x, t) = \varepsilon \sin(nx) \exp(-n^2 t)$$

solves $u_{xx} = u_t$ and has $\sup |u(x, 0)| \leq \varepsilon$. But for $t = -1$

$$|u(x, -1)| = \varepsilon |\sin(nx)| \exp(n^2) \sim \varepsilon \exp(n^2) \rightarrow \infty$$

An ill-posed problem



You have a lot of support, if you need help, ask.
You are the math department.