MAP 4170Name:Test 1Date: September 25, 2012

Show sufficient work and clearly mark your answers. Each problem is worth 10 points.

- 1. Eli owes Archie payments of 2000 in 1 year and 1000 in 2 years. Eli offers to make a single payment of 2610, immediately, claiming that the total present value of the 2 future payments is 2610. Determine the nominal interest rate compounded monthly that would make Eli's claim true.
  - (A) 0.88%
  - (B) 0.93%
  - (C) 5.55%
  - (D) 10.58%
  - (E) 11.1%
- 2. At time 0, Peyton deposits an amount into an account that credits interest using a simple discount rate *d*. There were no other deposits made into the account. At the end of year 3 there is 1000 in the account and at the end of year 12 there is 1500 in the account. Determine *d*.
  - (A) 3.33%
  - (B) 3.57%
  - (C) 3.71%
  - (D) 3.92%
  - (E) 4.07%

3. Betty deposits an amount at time 0 into a fund which credits interest using a simple interest rate *i*. The force of interest in the account at time 10 is equal to 0.05.

Charlie deposits 1000 into a separate account in which interest is credited using a nominal interest rate of *i*, compounded quarterly. Determine the amount in Charlie's account at the end of 10 years.

- (A) 1645
- (B) 2685
- (C) 4065
- (D) 5830
- (E) 7040

4. Determine which of the following equations represents the correct relationship between a nominal interest rate compounded monthly and a nominal interest rate compounded quarterly.

(A)	$i^{(4)} = 4\left[\left(1 + \frac{i^{(12)}}{12}\right)^4 - 1\right]$
(B)	$i^{(4)} = 4\left[\left(1 + \frac{i^{(12)}}{12}\right)^{12} + 1\right]$
(C)	$i^{(4)} = 4\left[\left(1 + \frac{i^{(12)}}{12}\right)^4 + 1\right]$
(D)	$i^{(4)} = 4\left[\left(1 + \frac{i^{(12)}}{12}\right)^3 - 1\right]$
(E)	$i^{(4)} = 4\left[\left(1 + \frac{i^{(12)}}{12}\right)^{12} - 1\right]$

- 5. A fund credits interest using an interest rate of 10% compounded every other year for the first four years, and a nominal discount rate of 12% compounded monthly thereafter. Determine the accumulated value after 8 years of a deposit of 1000.
  - (A) 2320
  - (B) 2330
  - (C) 2340
  - (D) 2350
  - (E) 2360

- 6. At time 0, Jason deposits 500 into an account in which the force of interest is  $\delta_t = \frac{0.5t}{2+t^2}$ , for t > 0. At the end of year 4, Jason makes an additional deposit of *X* into the account. The amount of interest earned between years 3 and 5 is 200. Determine *X*.
  - (A) 30
  - (B) 50
  - (C) 70
  - (D) 90
  - (E) 110

- 7. Determine  $\frac{d}{dd}(v)$ , the derivative of v with respect to d, where d denotes a periodic effective discount rate and v is the corresponding periodic discount factor.
  - (A)  $-v^{-2}$
  - (B)  $-v^{-1}$
  - (C) -1
  - (D) v
  - (E)  $-v^2$
- 8. The force of interest at time *t* for a certain account is  $\delta_t = 0.02t$ , t > 0. Determine the corresponding annual effective discount rate for year 2 for this account.
  - (A) 2.96%
  - (B) 2.99%
  - (C) 3.02%
  - (D) 3.05%
  - (E) 3.08%

- 9. Willie deposits 500 into an account that credits interest using a simple discount rate d for the first year and then a semiannual effective discount rate of d thereafter. At the end of 2 years, the account balance is 1000. Determine d.
  - (A) 0.10
  - (B) 0.15
  - (C) 0.20
  - (D) 0.25
  - (E) 0.30

- 10. Determine the constant force of interest that is equivalent to an interest rate of 10% compounded quarterly.
  - (A) 2.38%
  - (B) 2.47%
  - (C) 9.35%
  - (D) 9.53%
  - (E) 9.88%