

# Complex Analysis

## August 2020

Answer as many of the following questions as you can, keeping in mind that a single complete answer is usually worth more than comparable portions of several questions.

1. Let  $f(z) = \frac{1}{(z-1)(z-2)}$ .
  - (a) Find a Laurent expansion (centered at zero) for  $f$  in the annulus  $1 < |z| < 2$
  - (b) Find a Laurent expansion (centered at zero) for  $f$  in the region  $|z| > 2$ .
2. Fix  $h > 0$ . Find an explicit conformal mapping from the set

$$\{z \in \mathbb{C} : \text{Im}(z) > 0\} \setminus (0, ih]$$

to the unit disk.

3. Suppose  $f$  and  $g$  are entire functions and  $|f(z)| \leq |g(z)|$  for all  $z \in \mathbb{C}$ . Prove that  $f(z) = cg(z)$  for some constant  $c$ .
4. Calculate  $\int_C \frac{8-z}{z(4-z)} dz$  where  $C$  is the circle of radius 7 centered at 0 and oriented clockwise.
5. Compute  $\int_{\gamma} z^i dz$  where  $z^i = \exp(i \text{Log } z)$ ,  $\text{Log}$  denotes the principal branch and  $\gamma$  denotes a path from  $z = -1$  to  $z = 1$  below the real axis.
6. Let  $f(z) = \int_0^1 \frac{dt}{1-tz}$ .
  - (a) Show that  $f(z)$  is analytic on the open unit disk.
  - (b) Find a power series expansion for  $f(z)$  in the disk (centered at zero).
7. Evaluate

$$\int_C \cot z dz$$

where  $C$  is the circle of radius 4 centered at the origin oriented counterclockwise.