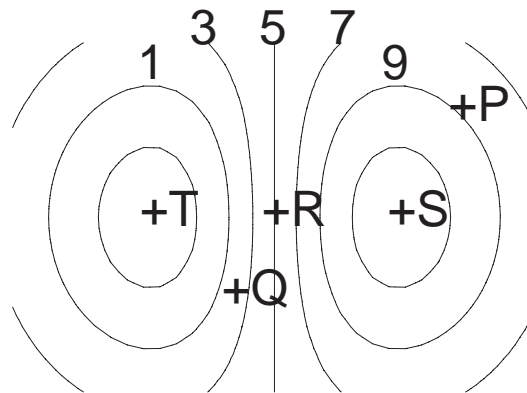


**Directions:** Show **ALL** work for credit; Give **EXACT** answers when possible; Start each problem on a **SEPARATE** page; Use only **ONE** side of each page; Be neat; Leave margins on the left and top for the **STAPLE**; Calculators can be used for graphing and calculating only; Nothing written on this page will be graded;

- Find the equation of the tangent plane to  $F(x, y, z) = 0$  at the point  $(5, -3, 4)$  when  $F$  is given by  $x^2 + yz - 13$ .
- A contour plot of the function  $f(x, y)$  is given below. Find the sign (positive, negative or zero) of the partial derivatives below by completing a table like the one below the graph. The location of the point is at the center of the plus sign to the left of the label.



	$P$	$Q$	$R$	$S$	$T$
$f_x$					
$f_y$					
$f_{yy}$					

- Use the chain rule (as shown in class) to find  $\partial z / \partial s$  and  $\partial z / \partial t$  if  $z = x/y + \cos(x - y)$ ,  $x = \sqrt{s^2 + t^2}$  and  $y = e^{st}$
- Find the directional derivative of  $f(x, y) = \sin(x) \sin(y)$  as leave the point  $P = (\pi/4, \pi/6)$  heading in the direction of the point  $Q = (\pi/2, \pi/3)$ . Exact simplified answer please.
- (a) Find all points  $(x, y)$  so that both  $(x - 5)(x + y) = 0$  and  $(x - 3)(y + 1)(x - 3y - 8) = 0$ .  
 (b) Copy and complete the table below

Points	$f_{xx}$	$f_{yy}$	$f_{xy}$	$D$	classification
$(1, 3)$	2	4	3		
$(2, 5)$	2	4	-2		
$(5, 0)$	-2	3	0		
$(-1, 4)$	0	3	1		
$(-2, -2)$	-3	-20	5		