

Practice Mini-Test 1 – Calculus 3 – Spring 04

- Q3 F03 Plot the points $P(3, 5, -1)$ and $Q(-3, 3, 5)$ on a 3D graph (whose axes are in the usual positions). Draw the vector \overrightarrow{PQ} on the graph and write \overrightarrow{PQ} in the $\langle ?, ?, ? \rangle$ notation.
- T1#4 S02 Find the center and radius of the sphere S given by the equation $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 + 2x + 8y - 4z = 28$. The graph of S intersects the xz -plane in a circle, what is its equation, its center and its radius. [compare T1#1 F03]
- T1#1 S03 Find the equation of the plane parallel to the plane $3x - 4y - 6z = 21$ and passing through the point $(-3, 1, 2)$ and find the distance between the two parallel planes. [compare T1#1 F02]
- T1#2 F03 Find the equation of the plane through the points $(2, 1, -2)$, $(3, -1, 2)$ and $(4, 0, 1)$. [compare T1#2 S03, T1#2 F02]
- T1#3 F03 Let $P(3, -2, 2)$ and $\vec{v} = \langle 3, -1, 5 \rangle$, find:
 - The equation of the line through P in the direction of \vec{v}
 - The coordinates of the point where the line in (a) intersects the xz -plane.
 - The equation of the plane perpendicular to \vec{v} through P .
 - The coordinates of the point where the y -axis intersects the plane in (c).
- T1#6 F03 A treasure map reads start at the big X, walk 40 paces north, 20 paces northwest and dig a hole 10 paces deep. Write the vector \vec{v} that goes from the big X to the bottom of the hole and find the exact simplified value of the length squared $\|\vec{v}\|^2$. (The x -axis points East, the y -axis points North, and the z -axis points up.) [compare T1#3 S02, T1#6 F02]
- T1#8 F03 Using vector operations write $\vec{a} = \langle 2, -1, 5 \rangle$ as the sum of two vectors, one parallel (say \vec{v}), and one perpendicular (say \vec{w}) to $\vec{b} = \langle -4, 4, 2 \rangle$. [compare T1#8 S03, T1#8 F02]
- T1#6 S03 Determine if the lines L_1 and L_2 are parallel, skew or intersecting. If they intersect, find the point of intersection.

$$L_1 : x = 2 + t, y = 2 - t, z = 5 + 3t$$

$$L_2 : x = 1 - s, y = 1 + 2s, z = -6 + s$$
 [compare T1#4 F02]
- T1#7 S03 Find the parametric equation of the line through the points $P(3, 2, 8)$ and $Q(4, 4, -4)$ and find the two points where it intersects the elliptical paraboloid $z = x^2 + y^2$. [compare T1#10 S02]
- T1#9 F03 Find parametric equations of the line of intersection of the two planes $x + 2y + 2z = 3$ and $3x + 2y - 2z = 9$.
- T1#3 S02 For the given vector, write it as an expression in terms of the vectors \vec{a} and \vec{b} suggested by the picture below.
 - \vec{x}
 - \vec{w}
 - \vec{y}
 - the unit vector \vec{u}
 - \vec{v}

