MAS 4106 Linear Algebra 2 Quiz 5 24 Mar 2006 <u>Name:</u> Show ALL work for credit; Give exact answers when possible. This is a Take home, open book, open notes quiz — due Monday 27 Mar.

1. The sets A and B are subsets of the vector space  $\mathbb{R}^3$ . For each set, either show that it is affine by showing the affine combination  $s\vec{w} + (1-s)\vec{v}$  does belong to the set whenever  $\vec{w}$  and  $\vec{v}$  belong to the set and s is a real scalar; or show that it is not affine by producing elements  $\vec{w}$  and  $\vec{v}$  of the set and a real scalar s, so that the affine combination  $s\vec{w} + (1-s)\vec{v}$  does not belong to given set.

(a)  $A = \{(x, y, z) : x > 0\}$ 

(b)  $B = \{(x, y, z) : x - z = 5\}$ 

2. The sets F and S are subsets of the vector space C([0,1]), the collection of continuous functions  $f: [0,1] \to \mathbb{R}$ . Let  $F = \{f: \int_0^1 f(t) dt = 1\}$  and let  $S = \{f: \int_0^1 f(t) dt = 0\}$ . (You may remember from the first quiz that S is a subspace of C[0,1].) Show If  $g \in F$ , then  $S = F - g = \{f - g: f \in F\}$ . [Hint you need to show  $F - g \subset S$  and  $S \subset F - g$ .]