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> #OEIS A268138:
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> restart; read "/Users/heba/Desktop/Implementations/Reduce_Order_Algorithm.txt":
> read "/Users/heba/Desktop/Implementations/Conic.txt":
> symmprod := proc(L1, L2, tau) local n1, n2, sb1, i, sb2, P, var, j, IsZero, EQN, s, NumberFree, k, L;
n1 := degree(L1, tau);
n2 := degree(L2, tau);
sb1 := u(x + n1) = -add(  $\frac{\text{coeff}(L1, \tau, i)}{\text{lcoeff}(L1, \tau)} \cdot u(x + i), i = 0 .. n1 - 1$  );
sb2 := v(x + n2) = -add(  $\frac{\text{coeff}(L2, \tau, i)}{\text{lcoeff}(L2, \tau)} \cdot v(x + i), i = 0 .. n2 - 1$  );
P[0] := u(x) * v(x);
for i to n1 * n2 do
  P[i] := subs(sb1, sb2, subs(x = x + 1, P[i-1]));
od;
var := {seq(u(x + i), i = 0 .. n1 - 1), seq(v(x + j), j = 0 .. n2 - 1)};
IsZero := collect(add(c[i] * P[i], i = 0 .. n1 * n2), var, distributed);
EQN := {coeffs(IsZero, var)};
var := {seq(c[i], i = 0 .. n1 * n2)};
s := solve(EQN, var);
NumberFree := add(`if`(lhs(i) = rhs(i), 1, 0), i = s);
if NumberFree > 1 then
  s := solve(s union {seq(c[k] = 0, k = n1 * n2 + 2 - NumberFree .. n1 * n2)}, var)
fi;
L := sort(collect(primpart(subs(s, add(c[i] * tau^i, i = 0 .. n1 * n2))), tau, factor), tau);

end proc
symmprod := proc(L1, L2, tau) (1)
local n1, n2, sb1, i, sb2, P, var, j, IsZero, EQN, s, NumberFree, k, L;
n1 := degree(L1, tau);
n2 := degree(L2, tau);
sb1 := u(x + n1) = -add(coeff(L1, tau, i) * u(x + i) / lcoeff(L1, tau), i = 0 .. n1 - 1);
sb2 := v(x + n2) = -add(coeff(L2, tau, i) * v(x + i) / lcoeff(L2, tau), i = 0 .. n2 - 1);
P[0] := u(x) * v(x);
for i to n1 * n2 do P[i] := subs(sb1, sb2, subs(x = x + 1, P[i - 1])) end do;
var := {seq(u(x + i), i = 0 .. n1 - 1), seq(v(x + j), j = 0 .. n2 - 1)};
IsZero := collect(add(c[i] * P[i], i = 0 .. n1 * n2), var, distributed);
EQN := {coeffs(IsZero, var)};

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var := {seq(c[i], i=0..n1*n2)};
s := solve(EQN, var);
NumberFree := add(if(lhs(i)=rhs(i), 1, 0), i=s);
if 1 < NumberFree then
    s := solve(s union {seq(c[k]=0, k=n1*n2+2-NumberFree..n1*n2)}, var)
end if;
L := sort(collect(primpart(subs(s, add(c[i]*tau^i, i=0..n1*n2)), tau), tau, factor), tau)
end proc

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> symmprod((x+2)*tau^2 - 3*(2*x+3)*tau + (x+1), subs(x=x+1, (x+3)*tau^2 - (6*x+9)*tau
+ x), tau);
(2 x + 5) (x + 6) (x + 5) (x + 4) τ⁴ - (x + 5) (72 x³ + 752 x² + 2549 x + 2796) τ³
+ (140 x⁴ + 1750 x³ + 8051 x² + 16157 x + 11948) τ² - (x + 2) (72 x³ + 544 x²
+ 1299 x + 971) τ + (2 x + 7) (x + 2) (x + 1)²
(2)
> L := LREtools[MultiplyOperators](%, τ - 1);
L := (2 τ⁴ x⁴ + 35 τ⁴ x³ - 72 τ³ x⁴ + 223 τ⁴ x² - 1112 τ³ x³ + 140 τ² x⁴ + 610 τ⁴ x - 6309 τ³ x² (3)
+ 1750 τ² x³ - 72 τ x⁴ + 600 τ⁴ - 15541 τ³ x + 8051 τ² x² - 688 τ x³ + 2 x⁴ - 13980 τ³
+ 16157 τ² x - 2387 τ x² + 15 x³ + 11948 τ² - 3569 τ x + 38 x² - 1942 τ + 39 x + 14) (τ
- 1)
> L3 := symmprod(% / (x+1), tau);
L3 := -(2 x + 5) (x + 4) (x + 6) (x + 5)² τ⁵ + (x + 5) (x + 4) (74 x³ + 777 x² + 2647 x
+ 2916) τ⁴ - 2 (x + 4) (x + 3) (2 x + 7) (53 x² + 318 x + 463) τ³ + 2 (2 x + 5) (x
+ 3) (x + 2) (53 x² + 318 x + 463) τ² - (x + 2) (x + 1) (74 x³ + 555 x² + 1315 x
+ 978) τ + x (2 x + 7) (x + 2) (x + 1)²
(4)
> with(LREtools) : _Env_LRE_tau := tau; _Env_LRE_x := x
      _Env_LRE_tau := τ
      _Env_LRE_x := x
(5)

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> L3 := LREtools[OperatorToRecurrence](L3, u(n));
L3 := -(2 n + 5) (n + 4) (n + 6) (n + 5)² u(n + 5) + (n + 5) (n + 4) (74 n³ + 777 n²
+ 2647 n + 2916) u(n + 4) - 2 (n + 4) (n + 3) (2 n + 7) (53 n² + 318 n + 463) u(n
+ 3) + 2 (2 n + 5) (n + 3) (n + 2) (53 n² + 318 n + 463) u(n + 2) - (n + 2) (n
+ 1) (74 n³ + 555 n² + 1315 n + 978) u(n + 1) + n (2 n + 7) (n + 2) (n + 1)² u(n) = 0
(6)
> LREtools[MinimalRecurrence](L3, u(n), {u(1) = 1, u(2) = 5, u(3) = 51, u(4) = 747, u(5)

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= 13245});
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$$(n+4) (2 n+3) (n+3)^2 u(n+3) - (2 n+5) (n+3) (35 n^2 + 107 n + 82) u(n+2) \quad (7)$$

$$+ (2 n+3) (n+1) (35 n^2 + 173 n + 214) u(n+1) - (2 n+5) (n+1)^2 n u(n) = 0,$$

"Relation holds for", $1 \leq n$, "Initial terms", $\{u(1) = 1, u(2) = 5, u(3) = 51\}$

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> %[1];
(n+4) (2 n+3) (n+3)^2 u(n+3) - (2 n+5) (n+3) (35 n^2 + 107 n + 82) u(n+2) \quad (8)
+ (2 n+3) (n+1) (35 n^2 + 173 n + 214) u(n+1) - (2 n+5) (n+1)^2 n u(n) = 0
```

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> L3 := LREtools[RecurrenceToOperator](%, u(n));
L3 := (x+4) (2 x+3) (x+3)^2 \tau^3 - (2 x+5) (x+3) (35 x^2 + 107 x + 82) \tau^2 + (2 x
+ 3) (x+1) (35 x^2 + 173 x + 214) \tau - (2 x+5) (x+1)^2 x \quad (9)
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> G, Ginv, L2, r := ReduceOrder(L3);
G, Ginv, L2, r := (64 x^5 + 512 x^4 + 1490 x^3 + 1918 x^2 + 1056 x + 216) \tau^2 + (-1152 x^5
- 6080 x^4 - 11844 x^3 - 10666 x^2 - 4542 x - 756) \tau + 1088 x^5 + 4544 x^4 + 6514 x^3
+ 3724 x^2 + 774 x,
```

$$-\frac{(12 x^2 + 24 x + 11) (x^2 + 5 x + 6) (x+3) (2 x+3) \tau^2}{96 (8 x^3 + 68 x^2 + 190 x + 175) x (6 x^3 + 30 x^2 + 47 x + 23) (32 x^2 + 96 x + 73)}$$

$$+ \left((13056 x^9 + 195840 x^8 + 1266008 x^7 + 4632536 x^6 + 10582084 x^5 + 15665613 x^4 + 15056628 x^3 + 9086761 x^2 + 3137562 x + 474039) \tau \right) / (48 (32 x^3 + 96 x^2 + 73 x + 18) (4 x^2 + 24 x + 35) (32 x^2 + 96 x + 73) (6 x^3 + 30 x^2 + 47 x + 23) x (2 x+3))$$

$$-\frac{12 x^4 + 72 x^3 + 219 x^2 + 389 x + 270}{96 (32 x^2 + 32 x + 9) (6 x^2 + 24 x + 23) x (4 x^2 + 12 x + 9)}, \tau^2 + \tau$$

$$+ \frac{(x+2) (2 x+1) (x+1) (2 x+5)}{4 (6 x^2 + 24 x + 23) (6 x^2 + 12 x + 5)},$$

$$\frac{4 (32 x^2 + 96 x + 73) (2 x+5) (6 x^2 + 12 x + 5)^2}{(4 x^2 + 4 x + 1) (32 x^2 + 32 x + 9) (x+2)^2 (2 x+3)}$$

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> L2;
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$$\tau^2 + \tau + \frac{(x+2) (2 x+1) (x+1) (2 x+5)}{4 (6 x^2 + 24 x + 23) (6 x^2 + 12 x + 5)} \quad (11)$$

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> #Using Giles Levy's implementation to find second order operator of an OEIS entry that is
gauge equivalent to L2:
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> read "/Users/heba/Desktop/Implementations/Giles_Levy_implementation/code/findrel_v2.7.txt";
> _Env_LRE_tau := tau;
> _Env_LRE_x := x;
```

$$\begin{aligned} & _Env_LRE_\tauau := \tau \\ & _Env_LRE_\text{x} := x \end{aligned} \quad (12)$$

```

> _tau := tau; LREtools[OperatorToRecurrence](L2, u(n)); numer(lhs(%));

$$_τ := τ$$


$$u(n+2) + u(n+1) + \frac{(n+2)(2n+1)(n+1)(2n+5)u(n)}{4(6n^2+24n+23)(6n^2+12n+5)} = 0$$


$$144u(n+2)n^4 + 144u(n+1)n^4 + 4u(n)n^4 + 864u(n+2)n^3 + 864u(n+1)n^3 \quad (13)$$


$$+ 24u(n)n^3 + 1824u(n+2)n^2 + 1824u(n+1)n^2 + 49u(n)n^2 + 1584u(n+2)n$$


$$+ 1584u(n+1)n + 39u(n)n + 460u(n+2) + 460u(n+1) + 10u(n)$$


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> findrel(% , u(n));
Warning, not all solutions found

$$u(n) = -c \left( \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{6}\right)^n \Gamma(n) \Gamma\left(n + \frac{1}{2}\right) n^2 (n+1) A001003(n)}{\Gamma\left(n - \frac{\sqrt{6}}{6}\right) \Gamma\left(n + \frac{\sqrt{6}}{6}\right) (6n^2 - 1)} \right. \quad (14)$$


$$\left. + \frac{\Gamma(n) \left(-\frac{1}{6}\right)^n \Gamma\left(n + \frac{1}{2}\right) (n+2) (n+1) n A001003(n+1)}{\Gamma\left(n - \frac{\sqrt{6}}{6}\right) \Gamma\left(n + \frac{\sqrt{6}}{6}\right) (6n^2 - 1)} \right)$$


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> #Finding gauge transformation between L3 and the symmetric square of L_A001003:
> read "/Users/heba/Desktop/Implementations/ProjHom/Applications";

$$Env\_LRE\_\tauau := τ$$


$$Env\_LRE\_\mathbf{x} := x \quad (15)$$


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> # L = A001003^2
> L := symmprod((x+3)·τ² - (6·x+9)·τ + x)$2, tau);

$$L := -(x+3)(2x+3)(x+4)^2 τ^3 + (2x+5)(x+3)(35x^2+140x+132) τ^2 - (2x+3)(x+1)(35x^2+140x+132) τ + (2x+5)x^2(x+1) \quad (16)$$


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> # L3 = A268138
L3;

$$(x+4)(2x+3)(x+3)^2 τ^3 - (2x+5)(x+3)(35x^2+107x+82) τ^2 + (2x+3)(x+1)(35x^2+173x+214) τ - (2x+5)(x+1)^2 x \quad (17)$$


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```

> G := ProjectiveHom(L, subs(x=x+1, L3));
PairsAB: number of combinations left after comparing with local data
c,s,d 3
deltaHS: Computed 1 ABPairs 3.937

$$G := SolOf(τ - 1) ((x+3)^2 τ^2 + (-34x^2 - 102x - 77) τ + x^2) \quad (18)$$


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> op(1, G);

$$SolOf(τ - 1) \quad (19)$$


```

```

> op(%);

$$τ - 1 \quad (20)$$


```

```

> LREtools[OperatorToRecurrence](%, u(n));
                                         u(n + 1) - u(n) = 0
(21)

> LREtools[hypergeomsols](%, u(n), { }, output=basis);
                                         [1]
(22)

> 
$$\frac{G}{op(1, G)} \cdot \%[1];$$

                                         (x + 3)^2 \tau^2 + (-34 x^2 - 102 x - 77) \tau + x^2
(23)

> G := subs(n=x, %); collect(%, tau, factor);
                                         G := (x + 3)^2 \tau^2 + (-34 x^2 - 102 x - 77) \tau + x^2
                                         (x + 3)^2 \tau^2 + (-34 x^2 - 102 x - 77) \tau + x^2
(24)

> #A001003:
sq := [1, 1, 3, 11, 45, 197, 903, 4279, 20793, 103049, 518859,
2646723, 13648869, 71039373, 372693519, 1968801519,
10463578353, 55909013009, 300159426963,
1618362158587, 8759309660445, 47574827600981,
259215937709463, 1416461675464871]
sq := [1, 1, 3, 11, 45, 197, 903, 4279, 20793, 103049, 518859, 2646723, 13648869, 71039373,
372693519, 1968801519, 10463578353, 55909013009, 300159426963, 1618362158587,
8759309660445, 47574827600981, 259215937709463, 1416461675464871]
(25)

> seq(add(eval(coeff(G, tau, j), x=i) * sq[1+i+j]^2, j=0..2), i=0..10);
4, 20, 204, 2988, 52980, 1057316, 22885660, 525700316, 12637559268, 314919393588,
8079641301996
(26)

> #Let c(n) be the OEIS entry A001003. Using the recurrence of A001003, we write c(n+2) in terms
   of c(n+1) and c(n). Substituting c(n+2) in G, gives us the formula in Example 5.3.3 in the
   paper.

```