

Each problem is worth 10 points. Show all work for full credit, and use correct notation.

1. You are given:

(i)  $d = 0.10$

(ii)  $q_{75} = 0.02$

(iii)  $A_{76} = 0.52$

Determine  $A_{75}$ .

2. A company issues  $n$  independent identical continuous whole life insurances to 35-year olds with benefit of 10,000. Using  $CF(\mu = 0.03, \delta = 0.03)$  actuarial assumptions and the normal approximation, the probability that the total present value of all benefits paid exceeds 2,500,000 is 0.5. Determine  $n$ .  
(You don't need the standard normal distribution table to complete this question.)

3. Determine the actuarial accumulated value at age 40 of a discrete 10-year term insurance of 10,000 issued to (20), using SULT actuarial assumptions.

