

## 1. CHAPTER 2 SECTION 6: DIFFERENTIABILITY

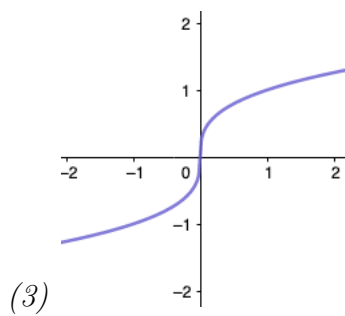
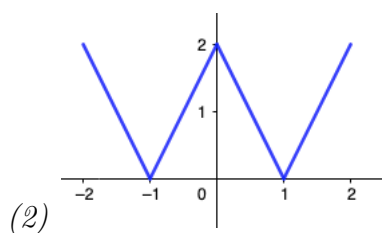
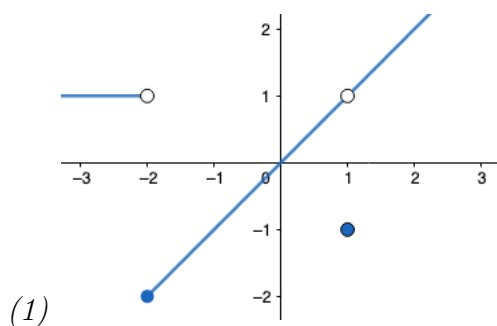
**Definition 1.1.** The function  $f$  is **differentiable** at  $x = a$  if  $f'(a) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h}$  is a real number.

**Remark 1.1.** A function is **not** differentiable at  $x = a$  if...

- (1) The graph of the function has \_\_\_\_\_
- (2) The graph of the function has \_\_\_\_\_
- (3) The graph of the function has \_\_\_\_\_

## 2. EXAMPLES

**Example 2.1** (2.6 WP Homework Question 1, 2; Text 2, 12). Determine where the functions do not appear to be differentiable.



**Example 2.2.** Recall Example 2.1 in the 2.3 course notes: Let  $f(x) = \frac{1}{x+3}$ . Find  $f'(x)$  using the definition of the derivative (the difference quotient).

Use the answer,  $f'(x) = \frac{-1}{(x+3)^2}$ , to find where  $f$  is differentiable.

**Example 2.3** (2.6 WP Homework Question 4; Text 7, 16). Use the definition of the derivative to show the function below is not differentiable at  $x = 0$ .

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} -2x & \text{if } x < 0 \\ x^2 & \text{if } x \geq 0 \end{cases}$$